EBIBLIOGRAPHICAL COMPILATION OF PHD THESES PRODUCED AT
THE FACULTY OF SCIENCE, BAYERO UNIVERSITY, KANO, NIGERIA
BETWEEN 2004 – 2014

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ABSTRACT
Theses are one of the information sources that users are not aware of their existence talk less of
having access to them. Bibliographies helps researchers keep track of the sources they consulted
or cited for their written material and gives readers a framework of how the writers’ arguments
were formed. This paper attempts to provide a systematic list of Ph.D theses produced by the
Faculty of Science, Bayero University, Kano from 2004 to 2014. Aim was to enable the researchers
and students to know and access the scientific research products of the Faculty of Science Bayero
University, Kano Nigeria. The theses were arranged alphabetically under the author surname
followed by the title of the work, institutional affiliation and then the year of publication
respectively.
Keywords: Bibliography, Ph.D., Theses.

INTRODUCTION
The word Bibliography came from Greek word “Bibliographia” which means "Book writing". In the
field of library and information science the concept of bibliography refers to the systematic list of books and
other information carried medium arranged or consulted by an author. Bibliography according to
Kent, (2013) is the logical arrangement of books, audio-visual and other researchable publications
organized for easy identification, access and use. Bibliography is sometimes called work cited or work
consulted, the primary purpose of bibliography is to enhance accessibility and use of recorded knowledge
this is because before researchable work can be studied they must be known to exist. This is
especially important when publications are designed to serve the needs of groups rather than individual.
Bibliographical compilation is often used to guide researchers/information seekers on the publication
available on a particular area of concerned.
From a learning perspective, bibliography according to Adelman, (2000) aids the researcher in developing
a strong standpoint during the early stages. Bibliographical compilation encourages researchers to
perform in-depth readings of all sources, compare different viewpoints and formulate opinions for a
thesis. In scholarly settings, published bibliographies give fellow researchers a starting point for their own
work and an outline of the writers’ thought process. For example, when a paper seems to leave out
leading viewpoints on a particular topic, readers can consult the bibliography to find out if the author
consulted those sources. A full bibliography also lets others know whether the writer performed extensive
research or only looked at a few references. Scientific researches are recognized as the only way through
which scientists demonstrates and explains findings on nature. Scientific discovery and findings often
used to be communicated through scientifically designated journals. This paper provides a
comprehensive list of Ph.D theses produced by the following Departments/Programmes at the Faculty of
Science: Applied and Plant Biology, Micro-Biology, Zoology, Biochemistry, Physics, Chemistry and
Mathematics, all from Bayero University, Kano. The author used APA style in arranging the entries for
easy identification, access and use.

Abdullahi, Ibrahim Lawal
Typhaceae in the Kano River Irrigation Project (West Zone) and Management
Issues. Unpublished Ph.D. Thesis. Faculty of
Science, Bayero University Kano, Nigeria. 2010.

Abubakar, Abdul’azeez
Relative Response of Two Maize Varieties to
Types,levels and Combination of Animal
Manure Applied as Organic Fertilizer in
Faculty of Science, Bayero University Kano,

Abdullahi, Nuradeen
Studies on the Development of Cowpea
Bruchid, Callosobruchus maculatus F. on
Cowpea Seeds, Vigna unguiculata H. Walp.
Treated with Different Plant Products.
Unpublished Ph.D. Thesis. Faculty of
Science, Bayero University Kano, Nigeria.
2012.

Adams, Azubuike
The Biology and Ecology of Fishes of River
Hadejia, Jigawa State, Nigeria.Unpublished
Ph.D. Thesis. Faculty of Science, Bayero
University Kano, Nigeria. 2009.
Adamu, Yusuf Abdullahi  

Ali, Mutari Hajara  

Alhassan, Adamu Jibrin  

Arzai, Auwalu Halliru  

Bappa, A.B  

Buba, Luka Fitto  

Bukar, Aminu  

Bayero, Amina Salihu  

Dagari, Mohammed Saminu  

Dutsinma, Usman Aliyu  

Duwa, Rabi’u Musa  

Fagwalawa, Lawan Danlalarai  

Gadanya, A’isha Muhammad  

Hamisu, Armaya’u  

Hayatu, Mohammed  

Ibrahim, Sani  

Imam, Tijjani Sabi’u  

Indabawa, Isyaku Ibrahim  

Johnson, Simeon Inpinlaye  

Junaidu, Na’aliiya  
Kabara, Hassan Tijjani

Kawo, Abdullahi Hassan

Kiri, Aliyu Ibrahim

Kiyawa, Salihu Abdullahi

Koki, Fatima Salmanu

Kofar Na’isa, Abdullahi Mu’azu

Kutama, Ahmad Shehu

Muhammad, Abdulkadir

Muhammad, Bashir

Mohammed, Musa Ibrahim

Mohammed, Saleh S.

Mohammed, Salisu

Mohammed, Yusuf
Comparison of Treatment Outcome Among HIV Seropositive and Negative Patients with Sputum Smear Positive Pulmonary Tuberculosis Treated with Standards Chemotherapy in Kano. Unpublished Ph.D. Thesis. Faculty of Science, Bayero University Kano, Nigeria. 2009.

Mohammed, Ya’u

Ogah, Aku Musa

Oladosu, Ibrahim Adebayo

Sambo, Farida

Sa’id, Mohammad Dayyab

Saleh, Mohammed

Sani, Umar
Shehu, Yahuza Aliyu  

Taura, Dalha Wada  

Taura, Lawan Sani  

Tudun Wada, Yakubu Ibrahim  

Umar, Shamsuddeen  

Umar, Zainab  
Laboratory and Field Studies on the Molluscicidal Activity and Toxicity of Balanites aegyptiaca in the Control of Bulinus globusus; Snail Intermediates Host of Schistomoses. Unpublished Ph.D. Thesis. Faculty of Science, Bayero University Kano, Nigeria. 2010.

Wudil, Alhassan Mohammed  

Yalwa, Ibrahim Rilwan  

Yola, Idris Ado  

Yusha’u Mohammed  

Yusuf, Rukaiya Haruna  

REFERENCES:  