COMMUNICATION STRATEGIES AND EMPLOYEE PRODUCTIVITY

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ABSTRACT

Effective communication strategies play a pivotal role in fostering a productive work environment. This paper explores the correlation between communication strategies and employee performance within organisations. By analyzing various communication techniques such as open-door policies, regular team meetings, and digital platforms, this paper looks at how these strategies influence employee engagement, collaboration, and overall productivity. Furthermore, it examines the role of leadership in promoting transparent communication channels and fostering a culture of trust and feedback. Through a review of relevant literature and case studies, this paper highlights the significance of tailored communication approaches in optimizing workplace productivity. The findings suggest that organisations that prioritize clear, timely, and inclusive communication experience higher levels of employee satisfaction, motivation, and performance. Ultimately, this paper underscores the importance of implementing effective communication strategies as a fundamental pillar in enhancing workplace productivity and organisational success.

KEYWORDS: Communication, Productivity, Employee, Performance, Strategy.

INTRODUCTION

In today’s dynamic work environments, effective communication stands as a cornerstone for organisational success. The ability to convey ideas, share information, and foster collaboration directly influences employee performance and overall productivity. This paper explores the significant role that communication strategies play in enhancing employee performance within the workplace.

Clear communication cultivates a sense of direction and purpose among employees. When organisational goals, expectations, and feedback are communicated transparently, employees understand their role in contributing to the broader objectives.

This clarity reduces ambiguity, empowers employees to make informed decisions, and aligns individual efforts with organisational goals. As a result, productivity levels surge, and employees feel more engaged and motivated to excel in their roles.

Furthermore, effective communication fosters a positive work culture built on trust and transparency. Open channels of communication create an environment where employees feel valued and respected. When employees are encouraged to voice their ideas, concerns, and feedback, they become active participants in problem-solving and innovation. Such a culture of open dialogue promotes collaboration, enhances team cohesion, and drives continuous improvement across the organisation.

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Moreover, communication serves as a catalyst for employee development and growth. Regular feedback sessions, performance evaluations, and coaching opportunities provide employees with valuable insights into their strengths and areas for improvement. Constructive feedback delivered in a supportive manner enables employees to enhance their skills, address challenges, and strive for excellence in their roles. Additionally, effective communication channels facilitate knowledge sharing and skill transfer, enabling employees to learn from their peers and mentors, further enriching their professional development.

In addition to verbal communication, leveraging digital tools and platforms can significantly enhance communication efficiency and effectiveness. Email, instant messaging, project management software, and video conferencing tools enable seamless information exchange and collaboration among geographically dispersed teams. By embracing technology-enabled communication solutions, organisations can overcome barriers of time and distance, fostering real-time collaboration and driving productivity gains.

However, it's essential to recognize that communication is a two-way street. Organisations must not only disseminate information but also actively listen to employee feedback and concerns. Encouraging open dialogue and creating avenues for employees to express their thoughts fosters a culture of trust and inclusivity. Leaders who demonstrate empathy and attentiveness to their employees' needs and perspectives cultivate a more engaged and motivated workforce.

The impact of communication strategies on employee performance cannot be overstated. Clear and transparent communication cultivates a sense of purpose, fosters a positive work culture, and drives employee development and growth. By embracing effective communication practices and leveraging digital tools, organisations can enhance productivity, foster innovation, and achieve sustainable success in today's competitive landscape.

**LITERATURE REVIEW / THEORETICAL FRAMEWORK.**

The theoretical framework for understanding the relationship between communication and employee performance draws upon several key theoretical perspectives from organisational communication, psychology, and management theories. Here's an overview of the theoretical foundations:

1. *Social Exchange Theory:* Social exchange theory posits that individuals engage in relationships and interactions based on the principle of reciprocity, where they seek to maximize rewards and minimize costs. In the context of workplace communication, employees perceive communication exchanges with their supervisors and peers as social transactions. When communication is open, supportive, and informative, employees perceive it as a valuable resource (reward) that enhances their job satisfaction, motivation, and performance. Conversely, ineffective or inadequate communication represents a cost, leading to dissatisfaction, disengagement, and reduced performance.

2. *Expectancy Theory:* Expectancy theory suggests that individuals are motivated to perform when they believe that their efforts will lead to desirable outcomes and rewards. Effective communication plays a crucial role in shaping employees' perceptions of expectancy, instrumentality, and valence—the three components of expectancy theory. Clear communication regarding expectations, goals, and performance feedback increases employees' expectancy beliefs by clarifying the link between effort and performance outcomes. Moreover, communication that emphasizes the instrumental value of employee contributions and aligns organisational goals with individual interests enhances the perceived valence of performance-related rewards, such as recognition, promotion, or monetary incentives.
3. *Organisational Culture Theory:* Organisational culture theory emphasizes the role of communication in shaping organisational norms, values, and practices. A culture of open communication, characterized by transparency, trust, and inclusivity, fosters a positive work environment conducive to high employee performance. When communication channels are accessible, leaders are approachable, and employees feel empowered to voice their opinions and concerns, organisational culture becomes a catalyst for performance improvement. Conversely, organisations with communication barriers, hierarchical structures, or punitive feedback mechanisms may experience lower employee engagement and performance due to a stifling work culture.

4. *Transformational Leadership Theory:* Transformational leadership theory highlights the influence of leaders’ communication styles on employee motivation, engagement, and performance. Transformational leaders inspire and empower their followers through visionary communication, intellectual stimulation, individualized support, and idealized influence. By articulating a compelling vision, fostering innovation, providing mentorship, and modeling ethical behavior, transformational leaders create a supportive communication climate that motivates employees to strive for excellence. Consequently, employees under transformational leadership exhibit higher levels of job satisfaction, commitment, and performance compared to those under transactional or laissez-faire leadership styles.

By integrating these theoretical perspectives, organisations can develop comprehensive communication strategies that promote employee engagement, motivation, and performance. Emphasizing transparent communication, aligning organisational goals with individual interests, fostering a positive work culture, and nurturing transformational leadership behaviors can create an environment where communication becomes a driving force for organisational success.

**EMPIRICAL REVIEW**

Wang (2005) conducted a study which sought to investigate the functions of socio-emotional-oriented communication and job-related communication in augmenting institutional commitment in the People’s Republic of China. A statistical methodology was used to analyse the data through the use of questionnaire. A sample size of 69 was selected as the respondents for the study. The major findings from the study were; social-emotional-oriented communication among employees is a positive indicator of performance. Conversely, the finding failed to establish any unique linkage between horizontal and social-emotional communications. The study concluded that, vertical and job-related communication helps employees of governmental agencies in China to remain focused to the outlined objectives of their organisations.

Adegbuyi, O. A., et al (2015), were able to ascertain from various literature reviewed in their study, conducted in Nigeria, that business strategies such as (customer orientation, employee independence, communication, training and development, job satisfaction, corporate social responsibility, motivational factors) have major roles to play in organisational performance. Recognizing the causes of organisational performance is important especially in the perspective of the current global crisis because it helps an organization to identify those factors that should be given priority attention in order to improve the organisational performance. Hence, the study recommended that business organisations should adopt appropriate strategies that would enhance adequate organisational performance.

Shonubi and Akuitero (2016), studied the impact of effective communication on organisational performance based on series of empirical studies of communication and organisational performance. The findings validated the synergy between communication approaches and efficient organisational performance.
They likewise studied fifty-seven non empirical works. Based on previous empirical and non empirical studies, they deduced the important aspects of organisational communication.

Kibe (2014), investigated the effects of communication strategies on organisational performance. A descriptive survey design was used in the study. A hundred and thirty-two questionnaires were distributed to employees. The findings revealed the importance of both the theoretical level and practical level. It concluded that for any organisational performance to the effective an open communication environment should be encouraged. Once members, of the organization feel free to share feedback, ideas and even criticism at every level, it increases performance in the organization.

Tunibare (2009) did a research on an internal communication assessment of the Lilongwe City Assembly. The study assessed the organisational communication of the Assembly. Explicitly, the effect of internal communication at the Lilongwe City was measured. The methodological approach measured their current and ideal amounts of information within the organization. These are; receiving information from others, sending information to others, action on information sent, channels of communication, communication sources and sources of information. Findings from a sample of one hundred and eight-six respondents of the Assembly indicated a great need to receive information and to interact with Assembly management more frequently than what is happening currently. The communication between subordinates and co-workers seems to be satisfactory. However, the majority of the respondents expressed the need to engage with Assembly management on a number of key issues, including staff welfare, salaries and benefits.

Rayhans (2012), highlighted on employee motivation and performance from the analysis, morale, motivation, and performance of employees has a clear reflection on the manner in which an organization communicate with its members. The main aim of the study was to explore the inter-relationship between performance. The study was carried out at a large manufacturing company, Vanaz Engineers Ltd… based at Pune, to support the hypothesis propounded in the study.

DISCUSSION OF FINDINGS

Case Study 1: Transparent Communication at Company X

Company X, a mid-sized technology firm, implemented a transparent communication strategy aimed at improving employee performance and fostering a culture of trust and collaboration. Recognizing the importance of clear communication in driving organisational success, the company leadership initiated several initiatives:

1. Regular Town Hall Meetings: Company X conducted monthly town hall meetings where senior executives shared updates on company performance, strategic initiatives, and upcoming projects. Employees were encouraged to ask questions and provide feedback, fostering transparency and alignment with organisational goals.

2. Open-Door Policy: To promote open communication, company leaders adopted an open-door policy, welcoming employees to voice their concerns, ideas, and suggestions at any time. This approach encouraged a culture of transparency and accessibility, empowering employees to contribute to decision-making processes.

3. Employee Feedback Mechanisms: Company X implemented an anonymous feedback system to gather input from employees on various aspects of the workplace, including management practices, work environment, and team dynamics. Regular pulse surveys and feedback sessions allowed the company to address concerns promptly and make data-driven improvements.

The Result: As a result of these communication initiatives, Company X witnessed a significant improvement in employee performance and engagement. Employees reported feeling more informed, valued, and motivated to contribute to the company’s success. Collaboration among teams increased, leading to enhanced productivity and innovation. Moreover, the turnover rate decreased as employees felt more satisfied and connected to the organisation’s mission and vision.
Case Study 2: Digital Communication Transformation at Company Y

Company Y, a multinational financial services corporation, embarked on a digital communication transformation journey to streamline information exchange, enhance collaboration, and improve employee performance across its global offices. Key initiatives included:

1. Adoption of Collaboration Tools: Company Y implemented collaboration tools such as Slack, Microsoft Teams, and project management software to facilitate real-time communication and document sharing among teams. These tools enabled geographically dispersed employees to collaborate seamlessly, irrespective of time zones or physical locations.

2. Virtual Training and Development Programmes: Recognizing the importance of continuous learning, Company Y launched virtual training and development programmes accessible to all employees worldwide. Through webinars, e-learning platforms, and virtual workshops, employees could enhance their skills and knowledge, contributing to their professional growth and performance improvement.

3. Leadership Communication Channels: Company Y’s leadership established regular communication channels, including virtual town hall meetings, video messages, and email updates, to keep employees informed about organisational strategies, market trends, and business priorities. Leadership visibility and accessibility fostered trust and transparency, encouraging employees to stay aligned with company objectives.

The Result: The digital communication transformation at Company Y resulted in tangible improvements in employee performance and organisational agility. Teams became more collaborative and efficient, leveraging digital tools to streamline workflows and accelerate decision-making processes. Moreover, the accessibility of virtual training programmes enabled employees to upskill and adapt to evolving industry trends, enhancing their contribution to the company’s success. Overall, the digital communication initiatives contributed to a more connected, informed, and productive workforce at Company Y.

SUMMARY:

Effective communication is fundamental to enhancing employee performance within organisations. Clear and transparent communication fosters a sense of direction, alignment with organisational goals, and empowerment among employees. It promotes a positive work culture built on trust, collaboration, and inclusivity, driving engagement and motivation. Digital communication tools facilitate seamless information exchange and collaboration, overcoming barriers of time and distance. Moreover, communication serves as a catalyst for employee development and growth, enabling continuous learning and skill enhancement. Theoretical frameworks such as social exchange theory, expectancy theory, organisational culture theory, and transformational leadership theory provide insights into the mechanisms through which communication influences employee performance.

CONCLUSION:

In today’s competitive business landscape, organisations must recognize the pivotal role of communication in driving employee performance and organisational success. By prioritizing transparent communication, fostering a positive work culture, and leveraging digital communication tools, organisations can create an environment where employees feel valued, engaged, and motivated to excel in their roles. Leadership commitment to effective communication practices is essential, as leaders serve as role models and influencers in shaping communication norms and behaviors within the organisation. Embracing a holistic approach to communication that considers both interpersonal interactions and digital communication channels can maximize the benefits of communication for employee performance and organisational outcomes.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

1. Cultivate a culture of open communication: Encourage transparent communication at all levels of the organisation, where employees feel empowered to share ideas, provide feedback, and raise concerns without fear of reprisal.
2. Invest in leadership development: Develop leaders who embody transformational leadership qualities, prioritize communication, and foster a supportive work environment that inspires and motivates employees.
3. Embrace digital communication tools: Implement user-friendly collaboration platforms and communication technologies to facilitate seamless information exchange and collaboration among geographically dispersed teams.
4. Provide communication training: Offer communication skills training programmes to employees and leaders to enhance their ability to convey ideas effectively, listen actively, and resolve conflicts constructively.
5. Solicit and act on feedback: Establish mechanisms for gathering employee feedback on communication practices and organisational culture, and take proactive steps to address areas for improvement.
6. Recognize and reward effective communication: Acknowledge and celebrate instances of effective communication within the organisation, reinforcing the importance of communication in driving employee performance and organisational success.

REFERENCES


