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Provision of Target-Specific Library Services for the Realization of Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) in Developing Countries

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Abstract

This paper examines the Role of Libraries in the Provision of Target-Specific Library Services for the Full Delivery of Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) in developing countries. The narrative textual case study (NTCS) method was adopted for the study. The paper highlighted on the place of libraries in the actualization of SDGs Agenda. The target-specific library services to be provided by libraries and exact actions that libraries should take in line with the 2030 agenda for realization of sustainable development goals in developing countries were extensively tabulated for ease of understanding. The position of the paper is that libraries are key actors in the attainment of the SDGs and that the different types of libraries irrespective of nomenclature have a place in the 2030 agenda. The paper concludes that SDGs can be actualized if libraries are repositioned to provide target specific information services through partnership with other institutions and agencies.

Keywords: Libraries, Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), Target-Specific Library Services, Developing Countries

Introduction

The Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) programme was launched by the United Nations (UN) in September, 2015. The programme represents a global response to the inability to meet the targets set for the now rested Millennium Development Goals (MDGs). According to a statement credited

to the UN, Agenda 2030 is a plan of action for people, planet and prosperity (United Nations, 2014). In the words of Nwachukwu (2018, p. 13), "it recognizes that eradicating poverty in all its forms and manifestations, is the greatest global challenge and an indispensable requirement for sustainable To development". ensure a more comprehensive approach, a total of seventeen (17) SDGs were identified - each of which has specific targets and timelines. The targets of these SDGs have direct impact on every member of the society both in developed and developing nations.

The 2015 United Nations SDGs agenda address the impediments sustainable development such as poverty, hunger, ill-health, education, gender inequality and environmental sustainability (Anyaoku, 2017). The driving force behind SDG is nothing other than the idea of sustainable development that will be of benefit to the present and upcoming generations. SDGs are universal goals aimed at making the global world a better and safe environment. The SDGs are aspirations of towards humans the sustainable development of the global space for peaceful co-existence of the human species (Benson, Anyalebechi & Amaechi, 2015; Amaechi, Benson, Dike & Okere, 2016).

As noted by IFLA (n.d.), while the SDGs are universal goals, each country will be responsible for developing and implementing national strategies to achieve them, and will be expected to track and report progress. As these plans are

developed, the library community in each country stands ready to show how libraries serve as partners to help meet the goals and local development needs.

Nevertheless. achieving the sustainable development goals requires the input of all institutions concerned and while some institutions' contributions can be direct, some can be indirect through support other agencies 2017). (Anyaoku, Unarguably, the SDGs have targets that library and information science professionals can embrace in the course of their professional practices as strategies towards the full realization of the SDGs. Librarians according to Amaechi, Benson, Dike & Okere (2016) should wake up and make their impact felt in this global move of making the universe better place.

The SDGs contain seventeen goals that are target specific towards various sectors of the economy, with each goal being focused on specific areas of the nation's economy as well as being development-oriented (Benson, Anyanwu, Onuoha & Nwauwa, 2016). The target of each goal of the SDG is to address the contemporary challenges as they affect

human life and existence on earth (Odu & Edam-Agbor, 2017). The targets are global in nature and are universally applicable, different national taking into account realities, capacities and levels of development respecting and national policies and priorities (Benson, 2016).. According to Benson et al (2016), as the global initiative of SDGs has been unveiled by the United Nations (UN), is it left for individual countries to work out the modalities through which the SDGs could be transformed from vision to reality.

The burning question here is how the various sectors (both public and private) can contribute to the full delivery of the SDGs agenda. It is the light of this that this paper aims at exploring the target-specific information services that the library could provide to ensure full delivery of the 2030 agenda. The specific objectives of this paper are to explain the place of the library in the actualization of the SDGs and also identify the target-specific library services that libraries can provide for full delivery of the SDGs in Nigeria

Methodology

This paper exclusively worked on secondary data. The narrative textual case study (NTCS) method was adopted for the study. Data were collected through the desk research approach from various sources,

journals, research papers, internet resources and also through a number of discussions with professionals from the field of librarianship. Inferences were drawn from content analysis of various literatures relating to the subject under discourse.

The Place of Libraries in the Actualization of SDGs Agenda

Libraries have been acknowledged as social oriented and service organizations; Therefore, it is imperative that sustainable development goals should not be left in the

hands of few because they are goals designed for all, to be embraced by all and for the benefit of all. In which case, libraries and information centres cannot be left out in this laudable venture (Benson, Amaechi,

Anyalebechi & Nse, 2017). Library services indispensable to the educational, political, and social development of the rural population and the information gap between the urban and rural areas can be bridged by effective library services. Information services delivery should be given serious attention for any socio-economic development to take place, because it is a source of enlightenment for all and sundry ((Ebiwolate, 2010; Daudu & Mohammed, 2013).

Baker and Musker (2017:59) argued that if agriculture and SDGs are to be achieved, smallholders, especially women, and low middle-income farmers must be able to access, analyze, and apply information to their production systems as improved access to information by farmers increases the likelihood of achieving the SDGs and its subgoals.

According to Onah, Urom & Amanze-Unagha (2015), unhindered access to information in information agencies is required for the actualization of all the SDGs. They noted further that the actualization of the SDGs will be feasible provided all essential national infrastructure,

including information agencies, are given the desired attention to contribute their quota in that direction. Similarly, Abdullahi and Abdullahi (2017) noted that government cannot achieve the SDGs alone and that the library, being a vital tool for national development needs to take up its responsibility in providing information services for the attainment of the SDGs.

According to Benson (2016),libraries and information centers over the years, have played significant roles in ensuring that certain policies of the government are actualized and sustained. Taking a cue from the academic community, libraries provide information services to ensure that academic programmes are accredited in our tertiary institutions as stipulated by National Universities Commission (NUC), National Board for Technical Education (NBTE) etc. This no establishes that doubt libraries and information centres have been at the front line of supporting government programmes and policies both at the local, regional, national and global levels. Recognizing the place of the libraries in the overall actualization of the SDGs, the International Federation of Library Associations and Institutions (IFLA) has taken practical steps how libraries demonstrate information contribute centres can significantly to the attainment of the global initiatives. Therefore, stating that library and information centres have an important role to play in the realization of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) is not an overstatement. The library no doubt is crucial to the realization of government polices at any level and by implication occupies a central place in the realization of SDGs (Ariola, Nwaigwe & Anyalebechi, 2017). As social service oriented institution, it is pertinent that Library and Information Centres (LICs) align themselves with SDGs so that their impact can be felt (Benson, 2016).

Having explained the place of libraries in the actualization of the SDGs agenda, the next section of the paper will focus on target specific library services that can be provided towards full realization of the SDGs agenda

3.0 Target- Specific Library Services for full Delivery of Sustainable Development Goals in Nigeria

Below is the various target specific goals that libraries can offer in line with the seventeen SDGs. Each of the columns contain the SDGs, the target-specific and actions to be taken respectively

	GOALS	TARGET- SPECIFIC LIBRARY SERVICES		ACTIONS TO	BE TAKE	EN
		✓ Providing government with information on people/ areas living in				
		poverty that requires government attention;	✓	Library an	d infor	mation
		✓ Identification of services that can be provided to help the people		professional sh	ould partn	er with
1	End POVERTY in all its forms	living in poverty to come out of the situation;		media house	es and	other
		✓ Identification of jobs that can be created by government in order		institution to	ensure o	optimal
		to raise income for people living in poverty;		dissemination	of informat	ion;
		✓ Identification of viable locations for establishment of small scale	✓	Providing	gove	rnment
		business enterprises;		parastatals wit	h verifiab	le and
		✓ Carrying out / supporting research focused on identification of		reliable data o	n ratio of	people
		actual ratio of men, women and children living in poverty in		living in pover	zy.	
		Nigeria; and				
		✓ Dissemination of relevant information that will bridge the gap				
		between men women equal rights to economic resources.				

2	End Hunger, Achieve Food Security and Improved Nutrition and Promote Sustainable Agriculture	 Provision and management of agricultural information to people in rural areas; Providing agricultural extension workers with timely and reliable research findings that can boost agricultural productivity; Creating platforms for sustainable collaboration with agricultural extension agents to actualize agricultural development programmes; and Analysis of the agricultural information needs of rural dwellers in order to provide them with relevant and timely information; Assisting and providing farmers with information on local markets for agriculture products; Provision and dissemination of information on nutrition Dissemination of information on the dangers and health risks of over-consumption of imported foods; Dissemination of findings of research institutes on seedlings improvement; and Timely dissemination of market information in relation to food reserves; 	Supporting Research Institutes through the provision of relevant information sources and conducive environments for research

sure HEALTHY LIVES and	✓ Identification of the health information needs of rural dwellers;	• Library and information
	/ Dravida advantion and information convices that will halp provent	
	✓ Provide education and information services that will help prevent	professionals (LIPs) should as a
omote WELL-BEING for all	HIV/AIDS, tuberculosis, and other forms of diseases;	matter of urgency partner with
all ages	✓ Disseminate information on how to reduce air pollution; and	medical practitioners to have full
	✓ Provide information on access to sexual and reproductive health	knowledge of health needs of the
	care services	community and disseminate such
		according in partnership with
		Rural Health Workers (RHWs) and
		traditional rulers
		• LIPS can also partner with
		ministry of health
	o Provision of information on the educational needs of Nigerian	
	society;	o Collaborate and partner with
sure inclusive and	o Providing information resources to support learning at all levels	NGOs in providing integrated
QUITABLE QUALITY	through the instrumentality of the various forms of libraries;	technical and vocational training
OUCATION and Promote	o Identification of barriers to school attendance in rural areas;	programmes; and
FELONG LEARNING	o Provision of information about existing technical and vocational	
a S	ture inclusive and UITABLE QUALITY UCATION and Promote	Disseminate information on how to reduce air pollution; and ✓ Provide information on access to sexual and reproductive health care services ○ Provision of information on the educational needs of Nigerian society; □ Providing information resources to support learning at all levels through the instrumentality of the various forms of libraries; □ Identification of barriers to school attendance in rural areas;

	OPPORTUNITIES for all	skills centres in Nigeria;	o Partnering with other stakeholders
	potential	 Providing sustainable platforms for all learners to have access to sustainable education and acquire knowledge; and Dissemination of information on scholarship opportunities available to the school children 	in the educational sector
5.	Achieve GENDER EQUALITY and empower all women and girls	 ✓ Dissemination of relevant information on gender equality; ✓ Creating awareness on the need for women empowerment; ✓ Provide information on violent and harmful practices against women; ✓ Provide information on political platforms and opportunities that women can easily participate; ✓ Assisting in carrying out researches on how best to eliminate all forms of violence against all women; ✓ Provide and disseminate information on the dangers of forced marriage/female genital mutilation; ✓ Help in sensitizing women's full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels; ✓ Dissemination of information on sound policies and enforceable legislation for the promotion of gender equality and the 	✓ Partnering with NGOS that specialize on Gender Equity to ensure full actualization of this goal

6.	Ensure AVAILABILITY and SUSTAINABLE MANAGEMENT of WATER AND SANITATION for all	 Provide information on the need for clean and water sanitation Carrying out research on specific areas that lack access to safe affordable drinking water so that they can be integrated into government project; Providing environmental information to urban and rural dwellers; and Dissemination of information that will help in the reduction of dumping of hazardous chemicals and materials within the environment. 	 Partnering with NAFDAC to disseminate information on fake water industries to citizens; Partnering with Ministry of Health to ensure that people have access to vital information that promotes clean environment.
7	Ensure access to AFFORDABLE, RELIABLE, SUSTAINABLE and MODERN ENERGY for all	 Creating awareness on the need to ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services; and Provide information on communities that lack access to affordable energy 	 Supporting energy research institutes Help in proposing a bill in support of energy Research Institutes in different states in Nigeria

8	Promote sustainable, inclusive and sustainable ECONOMIC GROWTH, full and productive EMPLOYMENT and DECENT WORK for all	 ✓ Disseminating information on development oriented policies that support productive activities to the people; ✓ Providing government / policy makers with information on the actual or the estimate of youth not in employment in order to use it as basis for viable economic planning; ✓ Disseminating information on how to protect labour rights and promote safe and secure working environment of all workers; and ✓ Disseminating information on conference/ workshops that will help the people develop innovative and creative skills. 	✓ Partnering with Directorate for Employment to ensure that information on employment opportunities are distributed to the right people at the right time
9	Builds RESILIENT infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable INDUSTRIALIZATION and foster INNOVATION	 Provision of strategic information on how to develop quality, reliable, sustainable and resilient infrastructures that supports economic development; Dissemination of information that support economic development and wellbeing; Provision of information on accessibility to financial services and affordable credit facilities; and 	✓ Partnering with research institutes

		• Ensuring equal access to ICT and the internet especially in the	
		rural areas	
10	Reduce INEQUALITY within and among countries	 ✓ Provide government with information and strategies on how to achieve and sustain income growth of the bottom; ✓ identification of strategies on how to empower and promote the social, economic and political equality inclusive of all irrespective of age, sex, desirability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status; ✓ promoting information that facilitates mobility of people, including through implementation of planned and well managed migration policies. 	 ✓ Partnering with media houses and allied agencies to disseminate information to all ✓ Partnering with International organizations to carry out viable research on how to empower and promote the social, economic and political equality.
11	Make CITIES and HUMAN SETTLEMENTS inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable	 ✓ Providing people with information on affordable housing and basic services; ✓ Providing information on affordable and sustainable transport systems available to rural dwellers; ✓ Disseminating information on how to protect and safe guard cultural and natural heritage; ✓ Providing the people with information and awareness on proper 	✓ Partnering with media houses and allied agencies to disseminate information to all

		waste management; ✓ Sensitize the citizens on how to support economic, social and environmental links between urban areas.	
12	Ensure sustainable CONSUMPTION and PRODUCTION patterns	 Provision of information on how to achieve sustainable management and efficient use of natural resources; Provision of information on how to reduce food waste/ food losses; Dissemination of information that promote public procurement practices that are sustainable in accordance with national policies and priorities; and Provision and dissemination of relevant information and awareness for sustainable development; 	✓ Partnering with media houses and allied agencies to disseminate information to all
13.	Take urgent action to combat CLIMATE CHANGE and its impacts	 ✓ Provision of adequate information on climate related hazards and natural disaster; ✓ Provision of information on human and institutional capacity on climate change 	 Partnering with Ministry of Lands and Environment for access to information that should be disseminated to people to ensure that the oceans, seas and marine resources are sustainably conserved.

		o Dissemination of information on how to prevent and significantly	o Partnering with Ministry of Lands
14	Conserve and sustainably use	reduce marine pollution of all kinds;	and Environment for access to
	the OCEANS, SEAS and	o Provision and dissemination of information on how to manage and	information that should be
	MARINE RESOURCES for	protect marine and coastal ecosystems to avoid adverse impacts;	disseminated to people to ensure
	sustainable development	o Promotion and dissemination of international and national laws	that the oceans, seas and marine
		related to conservation of coastal marine areas.	resources are sustainably
			conserved.
			✓ Partnering with Ministry of
		✓ Disseminating and promoting information on the implementation	Lands and Environment for access
	Protect, restore and promote	of sustainable management of all types of forests;	to information that should be
	sustainable use of	✓ Provide information on how to take urgent and significant actions	disseminated to people to ensure
15	TERRESTRIAL	to reduce degradation of natural habitat and halt the loss of	that the oceans, seas and marine
	ECOSYSTEMS, sustainably	biodiversity.	resources are sustainably
	manage FORESTS, combat		conserved.
	DESERTIFICATION and halt		
	and reverse LAND		
	DEGRADATION and halt		
	BIODIVERSITY loss		
	Promote PEACEFUL and	OCreating awareness on how to reduce all forms of violence and	

16	inclusive societies for	related death rates;	o Partnering with Non
	SUSTAINABLE	o Providing information on how to substantially reduce corruption	Governmental Organization
	DEVELOPMENT , provide	and bribery in all its forms;	(NGOs) promote peaceful and
	access to JUSTICE for all and	o Provision and dissemination of information that ensure responsive,	inclusive societies for sustainable
	build effective, accountable and	inclusive, participatory and representative decision-making; and	development, provide access to
	inclusive institutions at all	o Provision of information that will ensure public access to	justice for all
	levels.	information that will help in protecting fundamental freedoms in	
		accordance with national and international legislations	
	Strengthen the means of	Provision of information on how best to improve domestic capacity	
17.	implementation and revitalize	for tax and other revenue collection;	
	the GLOBAL	• Dissemination of information that encourage and promote effective	
	PARTNERSHIP for	public-private and civil society partnership; and	
	sustainable development.	• Dissemination of high-quality, timely and reliable data relevant to	
		national planning.	
	C	.'	

Source: Adapted from Sustainable Development Goals and Targets

Conclusion

This paper has demonstrated that libraries are key actors in the attainment of the SDGs. The different types of libraries irrespective of nomenclature have a place in the 2030 agenda. As shown in this discourse, SDGs can be actualized if libraries are repositioned to provide target specific information services. More importantly, this can be realized by libraries partnering with other institutions and agencies to provide these target-specific goals. As rightly noted by Benson, Amaechi,

Anyalebechi and Nse, (2017), libraries remain a social service organization, and as such, it is imperative that sustainable development goals should not be left in the hands of few because it is goals designed for all, to be embraced by all and for the benefit of all. The paper therefore, concludes that libraries occupy central position in the overall actualization of the sustainable development goals (SDGs) and must be ready to contribute its quota to the full realization of these goals through the provision of library and information services that are SDGs target-specific.

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