# AWARENESS OF DENTAL IMPLANTS AMONG DENTAL PATIENTS IN NIGERIA

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### ABSTRACT

The aim of this study was to determine the level of awareness of dental implant in Nigerian patients and their willingness to choose dental implant as a tooth replacement option

A survey was conducted among patients presenting for dental treatment in 3 teaching hospitals and private dental clinics in 3 urban cities of Nigeria using a self-administered questionnaire. A total of 294 out of 325 questionnaires were returned completely filled.

39.8% of the respondents have knowledge of dental implants as tooth replacement option. 35% and 26.5% are willing to choose implant for replacement of missing anterior and posterior teeth respectively. Patients with high level of education are significantly better informed on implants as a method of tooth replacement. The major source of information is the dentist (41.5%) followed by friends (17.7%).

The level of awareness of dental implants was low despite the high level of education of the respondents. Willingness to choose implant as tooth replacement option was low due to high cost of dental implants and the need for surgery.

### **INTRODUCTION**

The need to replace lost teeth with natural looking successors has encouraged rapid research and advancement in the field of dental implant<sup>1</sup>. Removable dentures have limited retention and stability especially in the lower arch free end

**KEYWORDS:** dental implant, patient awareness, tooth replacement.

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saddle<sup>2</sup>. Dental implants greatly improve denture retention, stability, functional efficiency and quality of life<sup>3</sup>. The successful use of implant in the treatment of edentulous and partially edentulous arches has been confirmed in various clinical studies<sup>4</sup>.

In developing nations there is lack of education and awareness amongst people about dental implants as a treatment modality for replacement of missing teeth<sup>5</sup>. Information on dental implant treatment and alternative therapies must be provided by the dentists to guide patient choice of teeth replacement options.

A survey was conducted in Lagos, Ibadan and Benin City to assess the awareness of dental implants as a tooth replacement option, source of information and their willingness to choose dental implants as a tooth replacement option. Lagos, Ibadan and Benin City are among the most populous urban cities in Nigeria. Dental implants treatments are available to the patients in private and teaching dental hospitals in these three cities.

Therefore the aim of this study is to assess patients' awareness and willingness to choose dental implant as a treatment for replacing missing teeth.

### MATERIALS AND METHODS

A survey was carried out on all consecutive patients attending outpatient dental clinic of the three federal teaching hospitals (University of Benin Teaching Hospital, Lagos University Teaching Hospital and University College Hospital Ibadan) and private dental clinics in Benin City, Ibadan and Lagos, Nigeria.

The sample size N was determined using Araoye<sup>5</sup> (2003) formula.{N=  $Z^2pq/d^2$ } Z=1.96 standard normal deviate corresponding to 95% confidence level, q=1 - p, d=0.05 error margin p=9.7% (level of awareness of dental implants among health workers in a previous study in Enugu<sup>6</sup>), a minimum sample size of 135 was determined. The survey was conducted over a period of 6 months (January to June 2013). A selfadministered questionnaire based on a previous study<sup>1</sup> (figure 1) was used to collect information on awareness and willingness to choose dental implants as treatment option. The questionnaire recorded demographic data and responses to questions about source of information and knowledge of dental implants. The purpose of the survey was explained to the respondents and informed consent was obtained. The study was approved by the ethical committee of Lagos University Teaching Hospital.

Data was analyzed with Statistical software SPSS version 16.0. Descriptive statistics were obtained and frequency distribution means and standard deviation were calculated using Student's ttest at p < 0.05

### RESULTS

A total of 294 out of 325 questionnaires were returned completely filled giving a 90.5% response rate. The study population comprised of 140 males and 154 females with a mean age of 39.6 years. The demographic data is shown in table 1. 39.8% of the respondents had knowledge of dental implants as tooth replacement option. 35% and 26.5% were willing to choose implant for replacement of missing anterior and posterior teeth respectively. Patients with high level of education were significantly better informed on implants as a method of tooth replacement. The major source of information was the dentist (41.5%) followed by friends(17.7%). 35% of the respondents felt they were not at all informed about dental implants while 14.6% felt they were well informed about dental implants (table 2).

In table 3 subjects with higher educational level had more knowledge of implant as an option for tooth replacement (p=0.008).

In table 4 the major choice of tooth replacement for anterior teeth was implant while that for posterior teeth was dentures (p=0.001).

In table 5 the major reason for choosing implants for replacing anterior and posterior teeth was because it is fixed and permanent replacement (p=0.083)

Majority of subjects got information about dental implant from dentists (Table 6). Majority felt that the advantages of dental implants were the natural look and natural feeling (Table 6). High cost and need for surgery were seen as the main

Table T Demograp	ine aat	u
Sex	n	%
Male	140	47.6
Female	154	52.4
Age		
21-30	112	38.1
31-40	54	18.4
41-50	51	17.4
51-60	35	11.9
>60	42	14.2
Level of Education		
No formal	4	1.4
Primary	13	4.4
Secondary	38	12.9
Tertiary	239	81.3

#### Table 1 Demographic data

Table 2: Level of information on dental implants by level of education and age as reported by patients

		Not at	all	Mod	erately	Well i	nformed
		inform	ed	infor	rmed	infor	med
Education		n	%	n	%	n	%
No formal		3	2.6	1	0.7	0	0
Primary		10	8.9	2	1.4	1	2.3
Secondary		19	16.8	10	7.3	9	21.0
Tertiary		81	71.7	125	90.6	33	76.7 8
Total	11	3	38.4	138	47	43	14.6
X <sup>2</sup> =20 p=0.00	2						
Age							
18-30		35	31	61	44.2	16	37.2
31-40		16	14.2	30	21.7	8	18.6
41-50		23	11	21	15.2	7	16.3
51-60		18	16	11	8.0	6	14.0
>60		21	18.6	15	10.9	6	14.0
1Total		113	38.4	138	47	43	14.6

X<sup>2</sup>=10.9 p=0.207

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Education	N	one	Prin	nary	Seco	ondary	Ter	tiary	Total
	n	%	n	%	n	%	n	%	n
Denture	3	1.5	10	4.9	20	9.8	172	83.9	205
Bridge	0	0	0	0	6	6.7	84	93.3	90
Implant	0	0	0	0	7	6.0	110	94	117
None	1	1.6	3	4.9	13	21.3	44	72	61

Table 3: Knowledge of type of teeth replacement by level of education.

X<sup>2</sup>=27.7 p=0.008

# Table 4: Choice of tooth replacement for anterior and posterior teeth.

Tooth Replacement	Ante	rior teeth	Poste	rior teeth
	n	%	n	%
Denture	102	34.7	82	27.9
Bridge	65	22.1	62	21.1
Implant	103	35.0	78	26.5
None	19	6.5	72	24.5
Don't know	5	1.7	0	0
Total	294	100	294	100
-2-11 57				

x<sup>2</sup>=41.57 p <0.0001

	Anterio	r teeth	Posterior teeth
Reason	n=103	%	n=78 %
Looks more natural	44	42.7	20 25.6
Less discomfort	24	23.3	23 29.5
Do not want teeth trimmed	16	15.5	11 14.1
Long treatment time	0	0	4 5.1
I want a fixed and-			
permanent replacement	47	45.63	37 47.4
Other reasons	2	1.9	2 2.6

Table 5:	Reasons	for	choosing	implants	for	replacing	anterior	and	posterior
teeth.									

**x<sup>2</sup>**=9.742 **p**=0.083

Table 6: Patient's response to questions regarding source of information, awareness and knowledge of dental implants as a tooth replacement option.

Source of information	n=294	(%)
Dentist	122	41.5
Friends	52	17.7
Books/magazine	23	7.8
Internet	33	11.2
Other sources	21	7.1
No information	28	9.5
View on advantage of Implant	s	
Looks and feel natural	133	45.2
Fixed not removable	74	25.2
It is comfortable	52	17.7
No need to use other teeth-		
as support.	43	14.6
View on disadvantage of impl	ant	
High cost	159	54.1
Need for surgery	73	24.8
Long treatment time	47	16
l don't know	35	11.9
Others	9	3.1

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### Figure 1: Questionnaire on awareness of dental implant as a tooth replacement option.

- 1. Age (years) [] 18-30 []Female [] Male 2. Sex [] 31-40 []41-50 3. Level of education []None []Primary []51-60 []Secondary []Tertiary [] 61 and above 4. Do you think missing teeth should be replaced 5. Which of the following type of tooth replacement do you know t. [] Yes, Always [] Removable denture [ ]Yes, if the gap is visible [] Fixed bridge [] Dental implant [ ] No [] All of the above []None of the above 6. If you have missing front teeth, which type of tooth replacement would you like to use []Removable denture []Fixed bridge []Dental implant [] None 7. What is the reason for your choice of tooth replacement in question 6? [] Less expensive [ ] Looks more natural [ ] Do not want the discomfort of removable denture [] Do not want my other teeth trimmed and used as support for the replacement tooth [ ] Long treatment time [] I want a fixed and permanent replacement [ ] Other reasons please specify------8. If you have missing side teeth (molars/premolars), which type of tooth replacement would you like to use [] Removable denture [] Fixed bridge [] Dental implant []None 9. What is the reason for your choice of tooth replacement in question 8? [] Less expensive [] Looks more natural [] Do not want the discomfort of removable denture [] Do not want my other teeth trimmed and used as support for the replacement tooth [] Long treatment time
  - [] I want a fixed and permanent replacement
  - [] Other reasons please specify------

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- 10. How well informed do you feel about dental implants
  - [ ] Very well
  - [ ]Moderately well
  - [ ]Not at all
- 11. Where did you get information about dental implant
  - [] Dentist
  - []Friends
  - [] Books/magazine
  - [] Internet
  - [ ]Other sources, please specify------

# 12. What do you think are the advantages of dental implants

- [ ] Looks and feel more natural
- [] It is fixed and not removable
- [] It is comfortable
- [ ] No need to use other teeth as support
- 13. What do you think are the disadvantages of dental implants
  - [] High cost
  - [] Need for surgery
  - [] Long treatment time
  - [ ] Others, please specify------

14. Do you think dental implants need special care and cleaning

- [] No they are cleaned like natural teeth
- [] No, they need less care
- []Yes, they need more care than natural teeth
- []I don't know
- 15. How long do you think dental implants last
  - [] Up to 5 years [] Up to 20 years [] don't know

disadvantages of dental implants (table 6). 68.7% of the respondents did not have any idea about the life span of dental implant while 17.7 % thinks that dental implant last a last time.

# DISCUSSION

In this study 39.8% of the respondents were aware of dental implants as a tooth replacement option, most of whom were in the age 18- 30 years group. This is similar to studies done in urban populations in India where 38% and [] Up to 10 years [] For a life time

41.1%<sup>7,8</sup> had knowledge of dental implants as tooth replacement. A much lower 15.91% was reported by another study done in a rural area in India<sup>1</sup>. Other studies<sup>9,10,11</sup> conducted in Europe reported 77%,70.1% and 72% level of awareness of dental implants respectively. From the evidence in the findings of our study and previous studies done in both urban and rural areas it shows that awareness of dental implants is generally low in developing nations<sup>6</sup>. In our study the level of knowledge about dental implant was directly proportional to the level of education. Those with higher level of education had more knowledge of dental implants. This conforms to previous studies<sup>1,7,8,18</sup>. Higher educational level can be considered as a factor that affects the awareness of dental implant among patients.

The choice of implant as tooth replacement option was higher for anterior tooth replacement and for posterior teeth replacement dentures were more preferred. Previous studies<sup>1,9,11,13</sup> reported that patients were not content with removable prosthesis. This differed slightly from our study. Patients preferred dental implant for anterior teeth while most still were contented with dentures for posterior teeth. Location of teeth whether anterior or posterior have been reported to affect individual subjective need of replacement<sup>14,15</sup>. The reason for this could be as a result of the need to have a more natural look of anterior teeth because of aesthetics. This can explain why majority of our subjects' reason for opting for dental implants was for natural look and feel.

Majority (41.5%) of the population studied got their information from the dentists. This is similar to earlier studies done in India<sup>7.8</sup> but was in contrast to previous studies<sup>11,16,17</sup>. This suggests that there is little or no information in Nigerian media about dental implants. The dental professionals as a whole need to create awareness of dental implants by putting information on the television and print media. High cost of implants was perceived as the major disadvantage of dental implants. This finding is similar to that reported in a previous study<sup>8</sup> where cost was the major limiting factor to treatment. In this study respondents with tertiary education reported a significantly higher level of awareness and information about dental implants. This suggests that high educational level exposes an Individual to sources of information on dental implants such as the internet, friends, books and the dental professional.

Majority (68.7%) of our subjects had no idea of how long a dental implant can last. This is a contrast to an earlier study where 60% of patients expected the life span to be within 5 years and 12.72% expecting it to last for a life time.<sup>1</sup> Another study done in Japan reported that 28% of patients expected that it would last for a life time<sup>18</sup>. Dental implants replacing teeth are expected to last a lifetime if dental hygiene is maintained and regular dental checkup is done.

# CONCLUSION

The level of awareness of dental implants was low despite the high level of education in majority of the respondents. Willingness to choose implant for replacement of missing anterior and posterior teeth was low due to the high cost and the need for surgery.

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