Article 3



Images in clinical medicine (8)



Mucocutaneous presentation of Kaposi sarcoma of rapid growth in a young male with HIV infection

Luis Alberto Pérez-Arredondo, Jorge Rafael Violante-Cumpa

Corresponding author: Luis Alberto Pérez-Arredondo, Universidad Autonoma de Nuevo Leon, Facultad de Medicina y Hospital Universitario "Dr. Jose Eleuterio Gonzalez", Departamento de Medicina Interna, Monterrey, Nuevo León, México. Iperez1212@hotmail.com

Received: 19 Apr 2020 - Accepted: 05 May 2020 - Published: 20 Jul 2020

Keywords: Kaposi sarcoma, mouth neoplasms, HIV infection

Copyright: Luis Alberto Pérez-Arredondo et al. Pan African Medical Journal (ISSN: 1937-8688). This is an Open Access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution International 4.0 License (https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/), which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original work is properly cited.

Cite this article: Luis Alberto Pérez-Arredondo et al. Mucocutaneous presentation of Kaposi sarcoma of rapid growth in a young male with HIV infection. Pan African Medical Journal. 2020;36(194). 10.11604/pamj.2020.36.194.22965

Available online at: https://www.panafrican-med-journal.com//content/article/36/194/full

Mucocutaneous presentation of Kaposi sarcoma of rapid growth in a young male with HIV infection

Luis Alberto Pérez-Arredondo^{1,&}, Jorge Rafael Violante-Cumpa¹

¹Universidad Autonoma de Nuevo Leon, Facultad de Medicina y Hospital Universitario "Dr. Jose Eleuterio Gonzalez", Departamento de Medicina Interna, Monterrey, Nuevo León, México

*Corresponding author

Luis Alberto Pérez-Arredondo, Universidad Autonoma de Nuevo Leon, Facultad de Medicina y Hospital Universitario "Dr. Jose Eleuterio Gonzalez", Departamento de Medicina Interna, Monterrey, Nuevo León, México



Image in medicine

A 26-year-old male with a medical history of risk sexual behavior, is brought to the Emergency Room (ER) with complaints of dyspnea associated with an oral cavity mass. At the interrogation, he referred that the symptomatology started 2 months ago with a lesion of approximately 1cm, originated from the upper gum. Patient also reported dysphonia, and dysphagia due to the expansion of the mass, and a weight loss of 10 kilograms. At physical examination a purple-black colored mass was identified coming from the oral cavity (A), including the upper gums with extension into the palate, reaching the uvula (B), the mass had exophytic margins, no tenderness at with fetid palpation a smell, multiple maculopapular violaceous lesions of approximated 1cm located in the neck, thorax and upper

extremities. At palpation, bilateral cervical and inguinal adenopathies were detected, blood pressure within range, tachycardic, tachypneic but with oxygen saturation of 94% at room-air and a body temperature of 36.8°C. The laboratory tests reported anemia and thrombocytopenia, hyponatremia and an antigen-antibody test positive to HIV. A skin biopsy from skin violaceous lesions in forehead reported a positive result for Human Herpes Virus 8, within the next 48 hours the patient started with fever and hypoxemia (So₂84%), antibiotic therapy was started with levofloxacin under suspicion of bacterial pneumonia, within the next day the patient presented hemoptysis; thus, a bronchoscopy was ordered. During the bronchoscopy the patient exhibited hypotension, despite intravascular fluid resuscitation; the patient entered cardiac arrest response with no to cardiopulmonary resuscitation.



Figure 1: A) mucocutaneous Kaposi sarcoma; B) computed tomography in sagittal plane of oral cavity and the Kaposi sarcoma extension (arrows)