



Images in clinical medicine



Nasal sarcoidosis

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Nasal sarcoidosis

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Image in medicine

A 19-year-old woman with a two years history of dragging oto-rhino-laryngeal infections, purulent rhinorrhea and sinusitis, polyarthralgia, and an episode of granulomatous uveitis. Clinical examination showed destruction of nasal wing, hepatomegaly and splenomegaly. A rounded lesion with atrophic center in the forearm. Laboratory tests revealed upper limit calcemia, the angiotensin-converting enzyme was high 323 UI/L. Nasal biopsy revealed non-caseating epithelioid-cell granulomas. Differential diagnosis includes granulomatous disease of the nose such as leprosy, tuberculosis and Wegener's granulomatosis. Special staining for typical mycobacterium and

Article 3



lepra bacilli were negative. The polymerase chain reaction for mycobacterium tuberculosis was negative. There was no renal involvement and the cytoplasmic antineutrophil cytoplasmic antibody

(cANCA/PR3/ANCA) was negative. The diagnosis of nasal sarcoidosis was retained. The patient was treated with prednisone and azathioprine with favorable outcome.

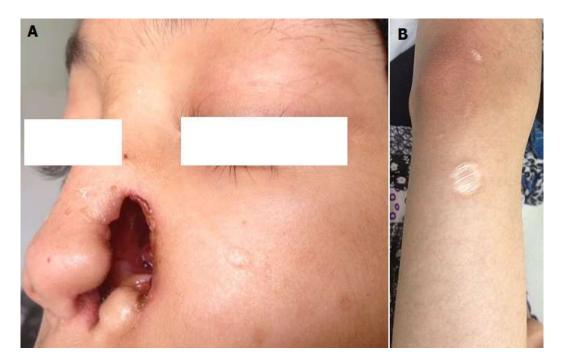


Figure 1:A) destruction of nasal wing, B) rounded lesion with atrophic center in the forearm