A 40-year-old lady had a CT and an MRI scan of her brain for investigation of severe headache following recent recurrent bowel surgery. The post-operative course was complicated by abdominal wall haematoma, and she required multiple blood transfusions. The background history of multiple previous bowel resections and chronic anti-inflammatory therapy for inflammatory bowel disease was noted.

Describe the relevant imaging findings and formulate the most appropriate clinical diagnosis.

Please submit your response to shalendra.misser@lakesmit.co.za not later than 31 July 2016.

The winning respondent will receive R2000 as a reward from the RSSA.

A detailed diagnosis and discussion will be presented in the next issue of the SAJR.
FIGURE 3: Axial non-contrasted (a) CT image, (b) T2 and (c) axial T1-weighted MRI images.

FIGURE 4: Coronal flair MRI image.

FIGURE 5: Axial diffusion-weighted b1000 MR images (a, b, c and d).
FIGURE 6: Corresponding axial ADC-mapped MR images (a, b, c and d).

FIGURE 7: Axial SWI MR images (a and b).

FIGURE 8: Corresponding axial PHASE MR images (a and b).