A new horizon for the medical device sector in South Africa

To the Editor: Access to high-quality, safe and appropriate priority medical devices is becoming the bedrock of delivery of effective and efficient healthcare across the world. The use of medical devices impacts on the continuum of care under the universal health coverage strategy. However, the decision-making process relating to commissioning, maintenance and decommissioning of medical devices, often taken without evidence, results in poor service delivery, particularly in developing countries. The World Health Organization baseline country survey provides a global reference on health technologies, and particularly on the availability of specific medical devices, policies, guidelines, standards and services. It is necessary to develop country-specific case studies to elaborate on these reports and to share road maps from the progress made in different countries.

A qualitative analysis of the various processes currently undertaken in South Africa (SA) reveals that medical devices and the medical diagnostic sector are estimated to be worth US$2.5 - US$3 billion. Although the SA pharmaceutical sector is subject to comprehensive regulation, current knowledge of the medical device sector is deficient. It is noted that the absence of a regulatory system combined with a ‘multi-channel’ system of procurement of medical devices (between the public and private systems as well as within the public system across different provinces) contribute to this problem. Only a few medical devices (such as radiological equipment) are subject to mandatory quality standards, resulting in importation of sub-standard products. Lack of skilled manpower and an integrated approach to management of medical devices, as well as the absence of a regulatory environment, are major challenges. A South African health product regulatory authority is currently being established to address the gap.

A detailed study is being planned to document the current regulation and legislation, market funding and financing. In addition, another project is exploring the possibility of setting up a South African health regulatory training institute to address the shortage of skills in regulation. A multi-disciplinary team of practitioners (consisting of engineers, clinicians and health economists) will be required to lead decision making in health systems. Training in health technology assessment could contribute to their expertise in the interdisciplinary work of medical device management.

SA is currently in the process of introducing National Health Insurance to improve provision of universal health coverage. Effective and efficient use of medical devices would assist in this process.

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